



CIRCL
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Vulniverse

A Modular Editor for Vulnerability Records

<https://github.com/vulnerability-lookup/vulniverse> – <https://gcve.eu/>

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GCVE Workshop Vulnopticon 2026

CIRCL <https://www.circl.lu>

Motivation and Design

Why a New Vulnerability Editor?

Experience with Vulnogram

- Powerful editor for CVE records
- UI and workflow are difficult to customize
- Additional functionality requires modifications inside the editor
- Integration into Vulnerability-Lookup therefore creates maintenance overhead (especially when updating)

What we need

- Reusable editor core
- Backend-independent persistence
- Schema-driven record handling
- Modules and panels for extensions
- CVE and GCVE support
- Easy embedding into existing applications



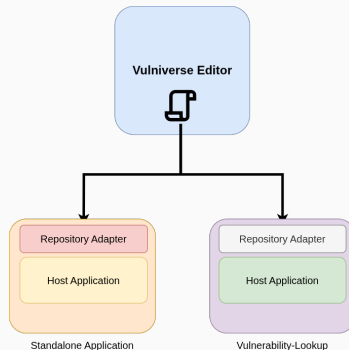
Vulniverse separates the editor from the surrounding application, allowing platforms such as Vulnerability-Lookup to integrate, customize and update it independently.

Observed Problem		Vulniverse Design Decision
Editor UI and workflow are difficult to adapt to different applications	→	Reusable and embeddable editor core
Backend and persistence logic become coupled to the editor	→	Repository abstraction with a small, well-defined contract
Application-specific modifications make upstream updates difficult	→	Modules extend functionality without modifying the core
Vulnerability record formats and schemas evolve over time	→	Schema-driven record handling and validation
Different ecosystems require CVE, GCVE and additional metadata	→	Format-independent architecture with reusable components
Large vulnerability records are difficult to navigate as a single form	→	Structured sections and navigation

Architecture

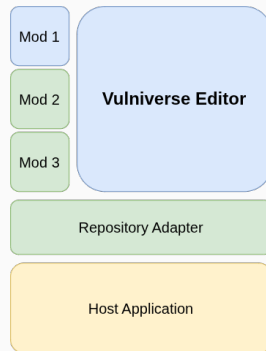
Backend Independence through a Repository Contract

- The editor does **not communicate directly** with a specific backend or database BUT uses **repository contract**.
- Each host application provides an implementation of this contract.
- The same editor can therefore be used with:
 - the standalone Vulniverse backend,
 - other vulnerability-management platforms (e.g. Vulnerability-Lookup)



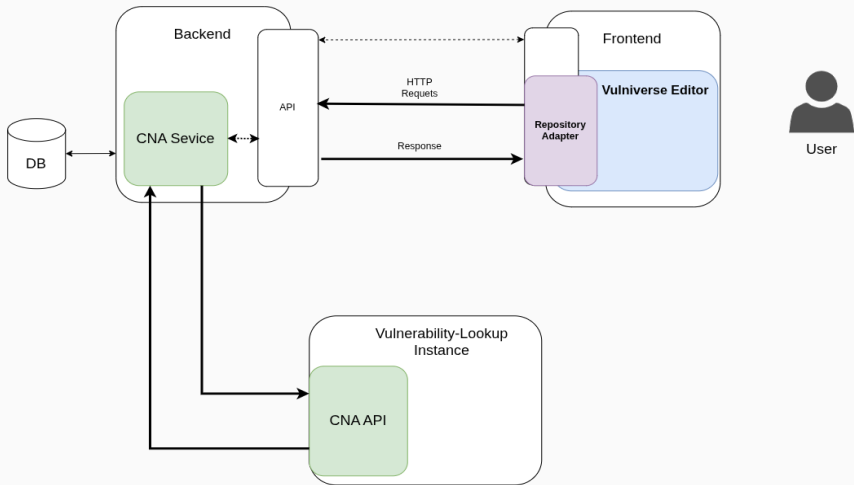
Extensibility through Modules

- Application-specific functionality should **not require changes to the editor core**.
- **Modules** add functionality and integration logic.
- Examples:
 - CPE integration,
 - additional record metadata.



New functionality is added **around the editor core**, rather than by maintaining a customized fork of it.

Example: Connect to Vulnerability-Lookup



Schema-Driven Record Editing

- The record schema defines the **structure and constraints** of the data.
- Schema information is mapped to **reusable editor components**.
- Validation follows the corresponding CVE or GCVE-compatible schema.
- Complex structures can use **specialized components** instead of generic fields.
- Changes to the record format can be incorporated without rebuilding the complete editor.



The **schema defines the data model**; Vulniverse defines how that model is presented and edited.

Editing (G)CVE Records

 **gcve-1-2026-20153**
gcve-bcp-05-1.7 Draft

Reload Validate Save Publish Download JSON Reject Delete

Editor

Preview

Advanced JSON

MODULES

Templates

Vulnerability-Lookup

MetadataSummaryAffected productsClassificationSeverityGuidanceReferencesCredits and timelineADPGCVE extensionAdditional fields

Metrics

+ Add metric

CVSS 4.0

Remove

Format

CVSS 4.0

Vector String *

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:L/UI:N/VC:H/VI:H/VA:H/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Calculate

Base Score *

8.7

Base Severity *

HIGH

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- Issues, feedback or ideas: <https://github.com/vulnerability-lookup/vulniverse>
- GCVE  @gcve@social.circl.lu